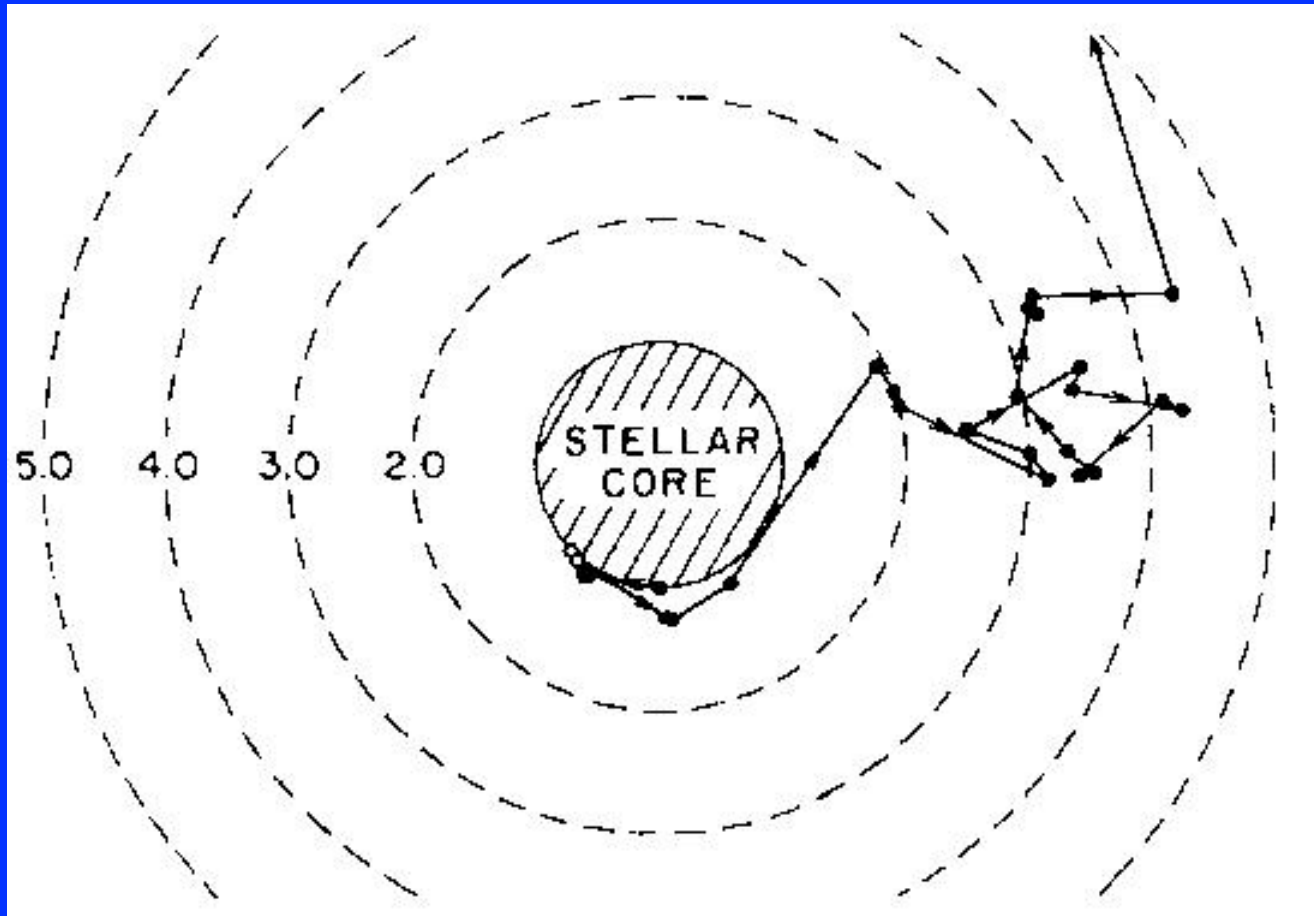


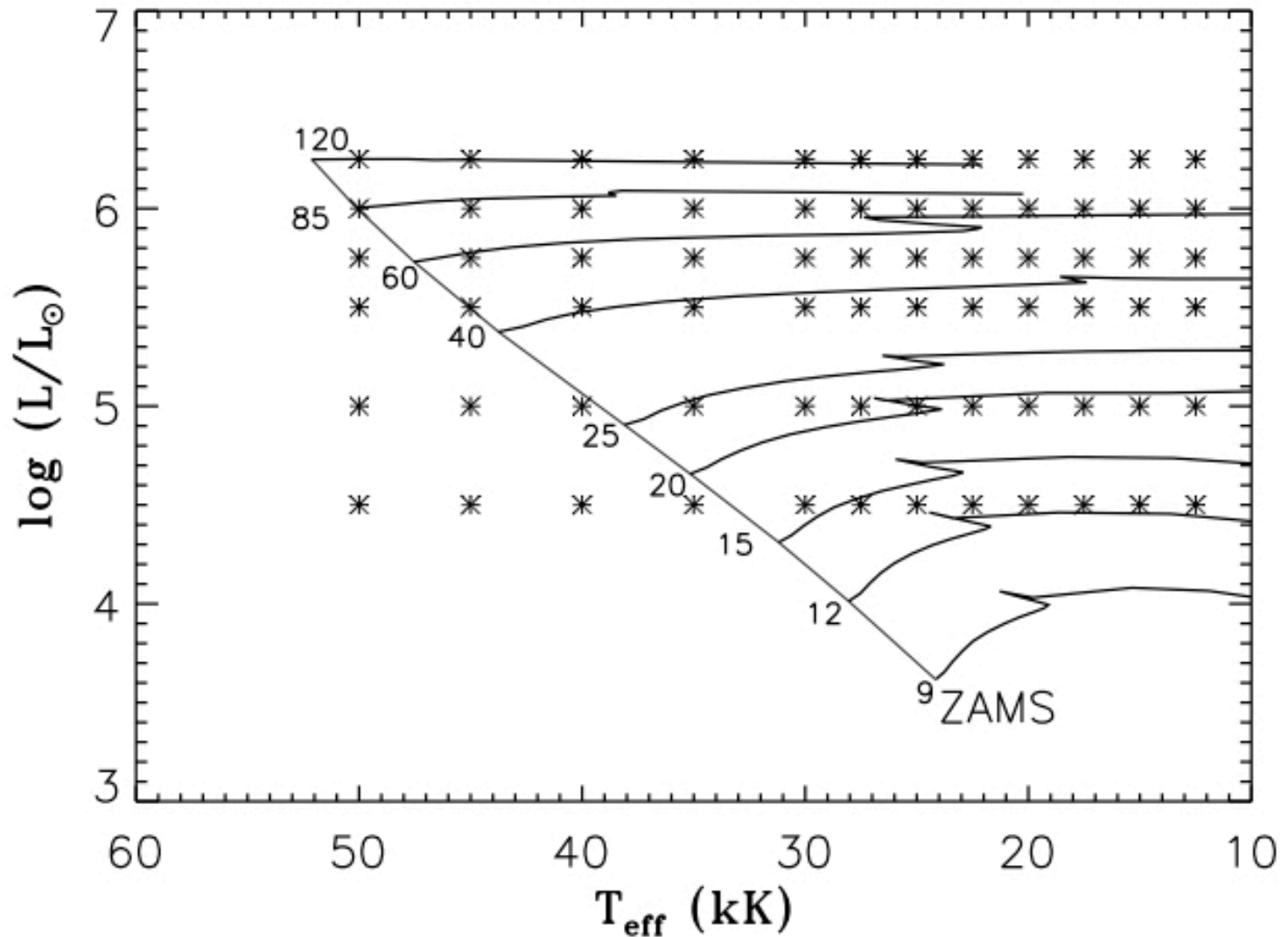
Hot star winds



(MC: Abbott & Lucy 1985, Vink et al. 2000
CMF: e.g. Bjorklund et al. 2021)

$$\dot{M} v_{\infty} > \frac{L_{*}}{c}$$

“Standard” Rates

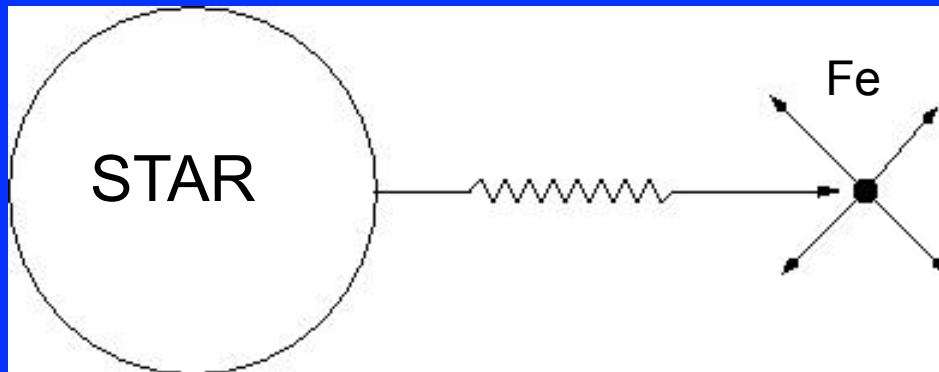


Line-driven winds

CAK: Castor, Abbott & Klein (1975)

Pauldrach, Puls & Kudritzki (1986)

Vink, ARA&A (2022)

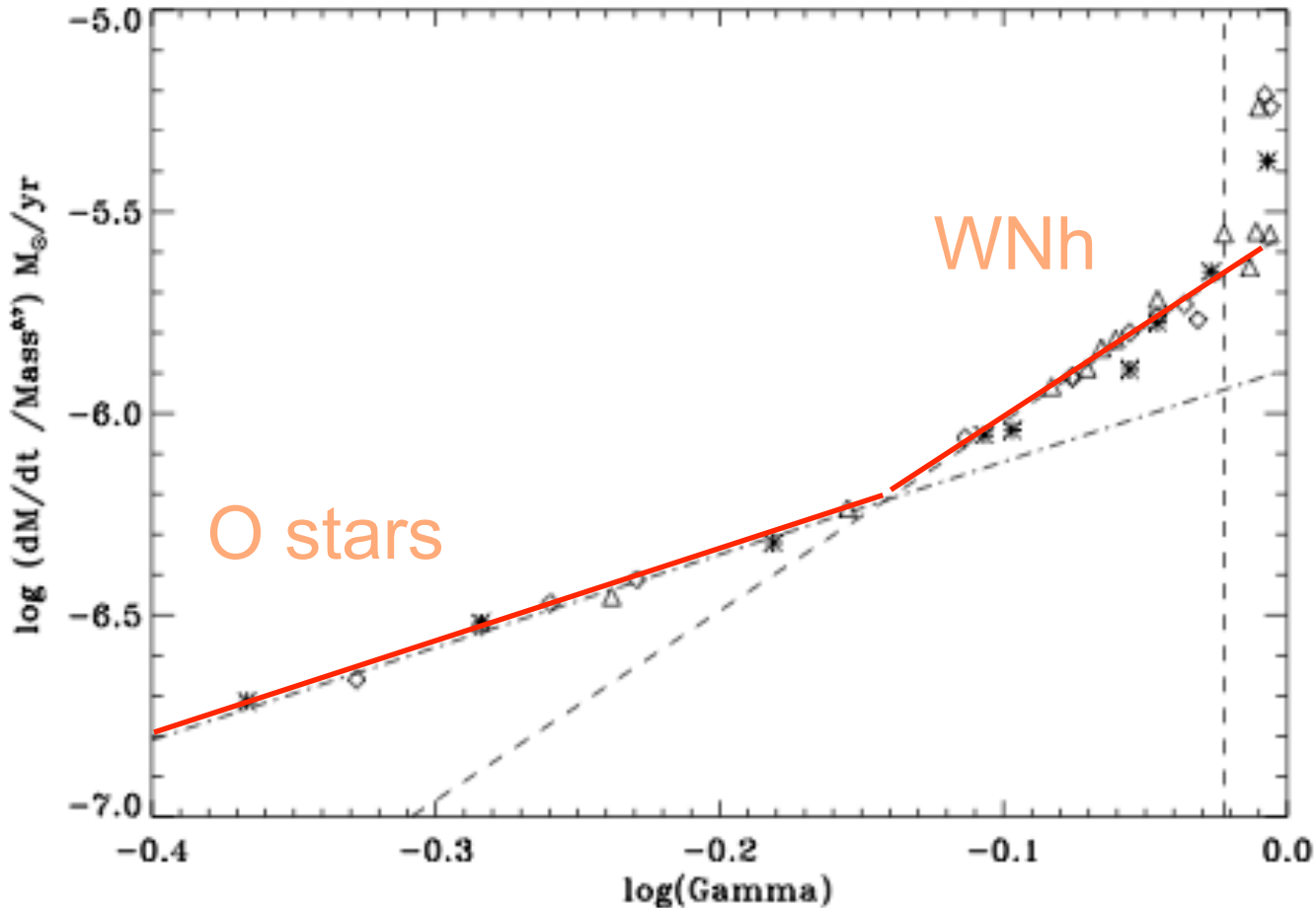


$$dM/dt = f(L, M, Z, T_{\text{eff}})$$

$dM/dt = f$ (Gamma)

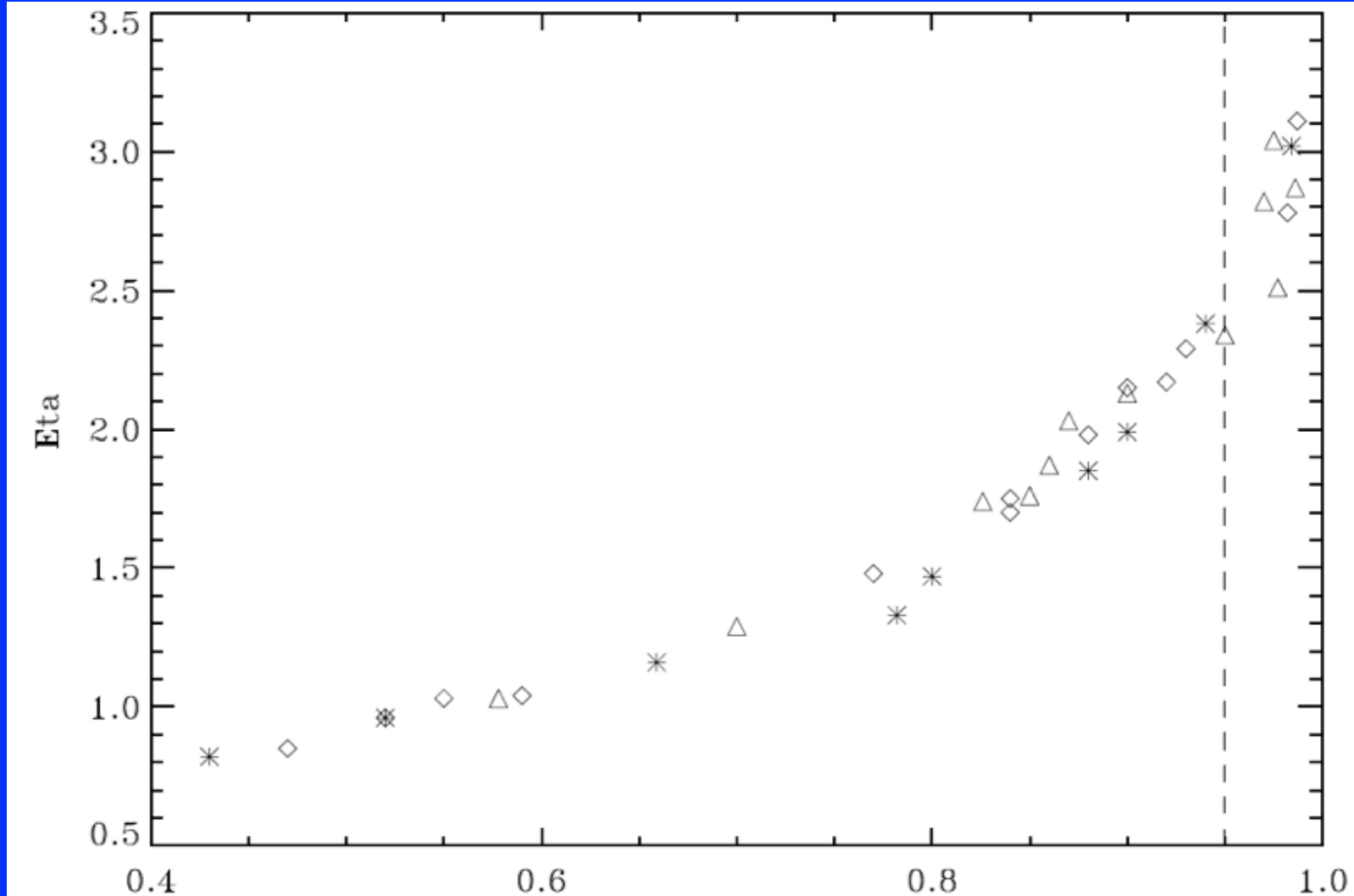
$$\Gamma = \frac{g_{\text{rad}}}{g_{\text{grav}}} = \frac{\kappa L}{4\pi cGM}$$

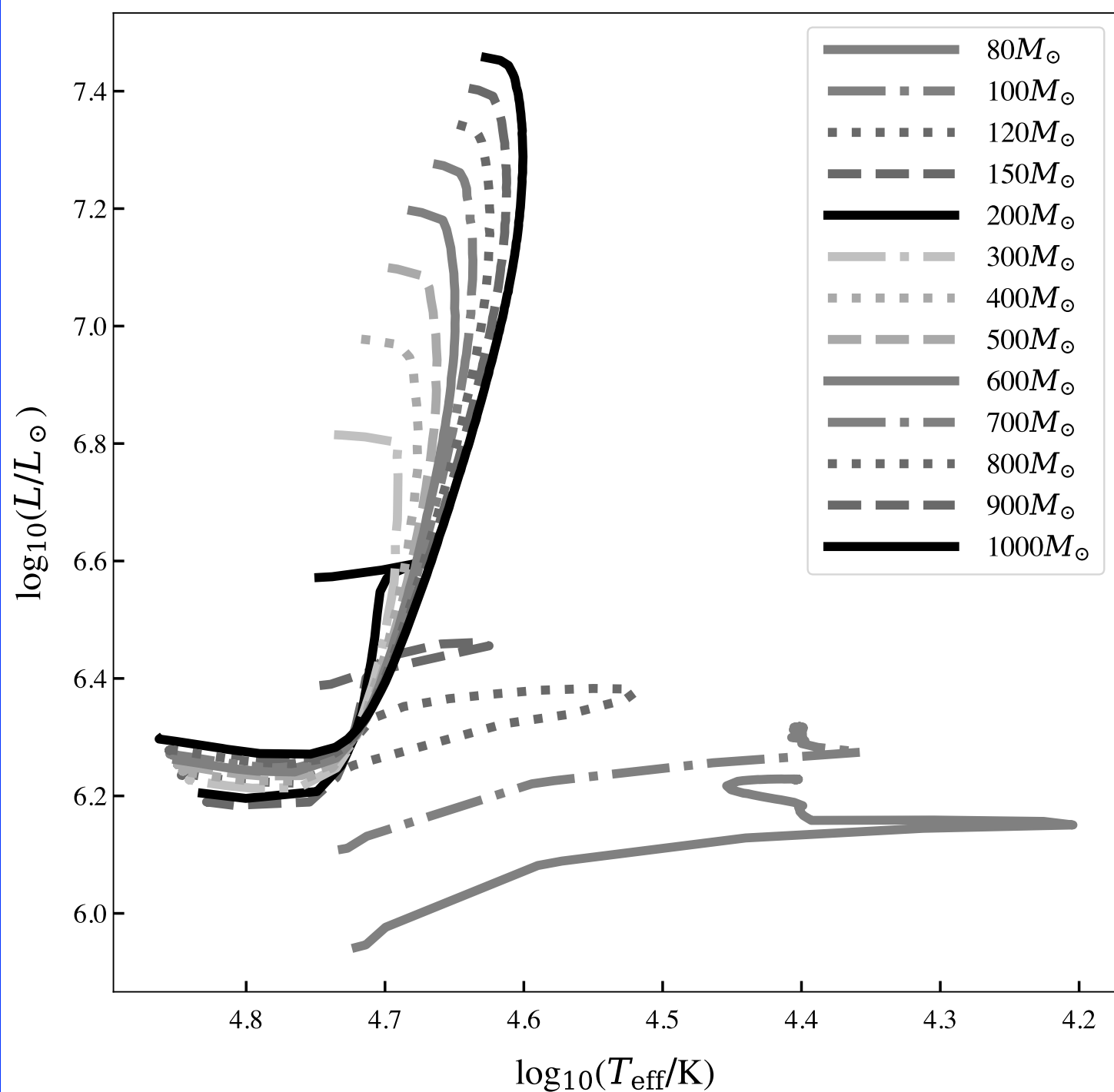
Transition in Mass Loss



Wind efficiency

$$\eta = \frac{\dot{M}v_{\infty}}{L/c}$$



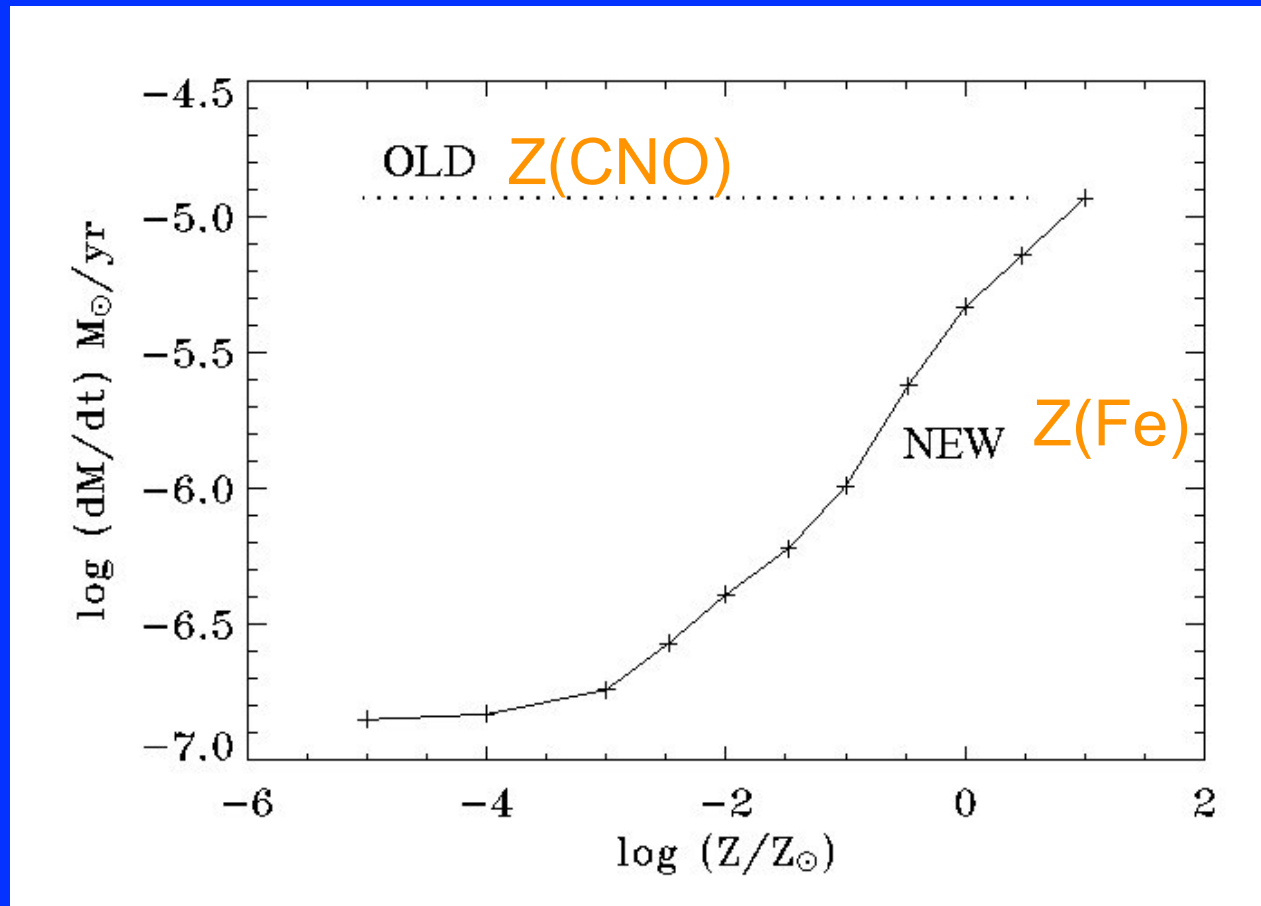


Sabhahit, Vink,
 Higgins & Sander
 (2022, MNRAS
 514, 3736)

Higgins, Vink,
 Sabhahit & Sander
 (2022, MNRAS
 516, 4052)

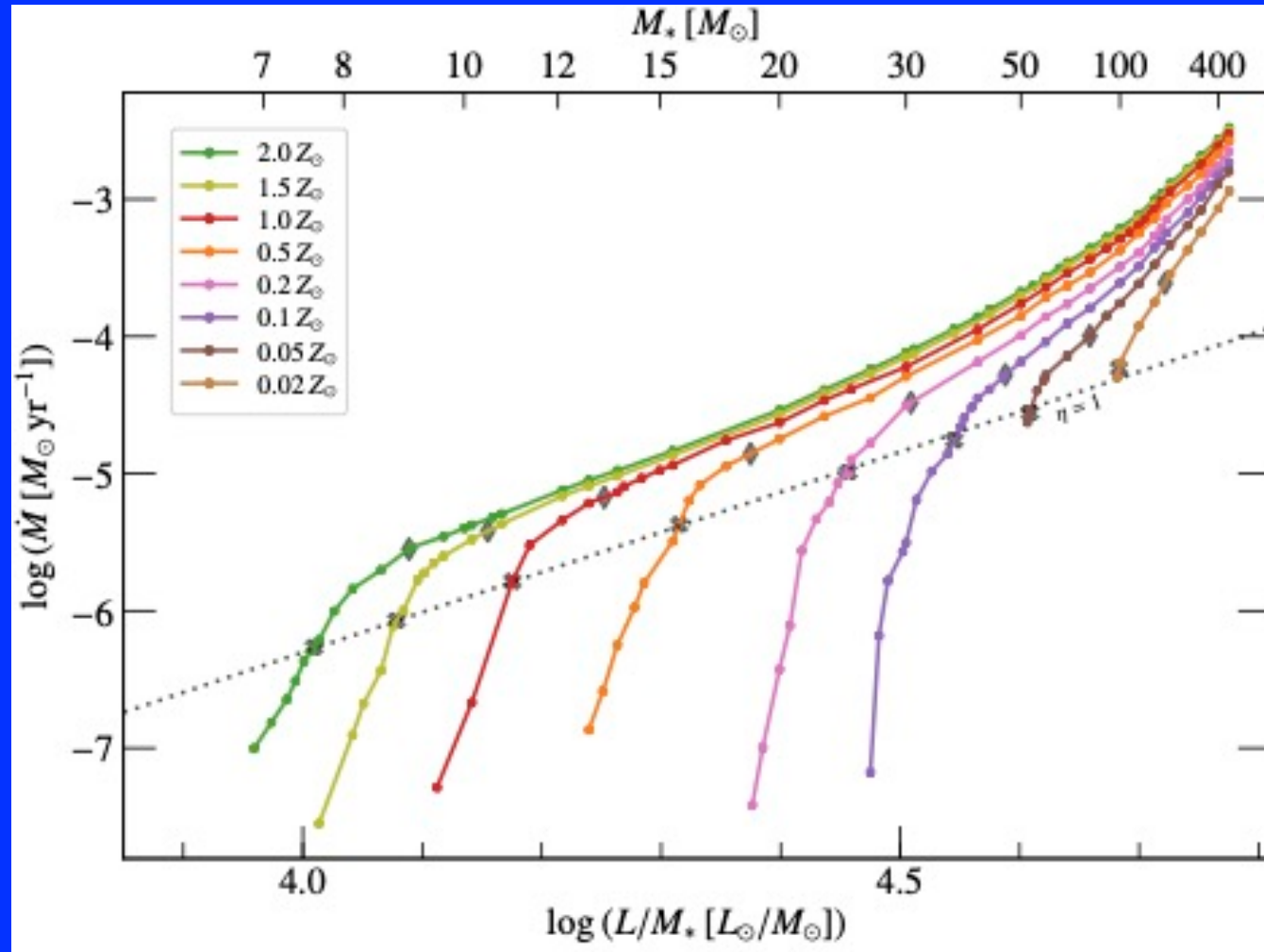
$$dM/dt = f(Z)$$

Z-dependence of WR winds



Vink & de Koter (2005)

Z-dependence of He Stars

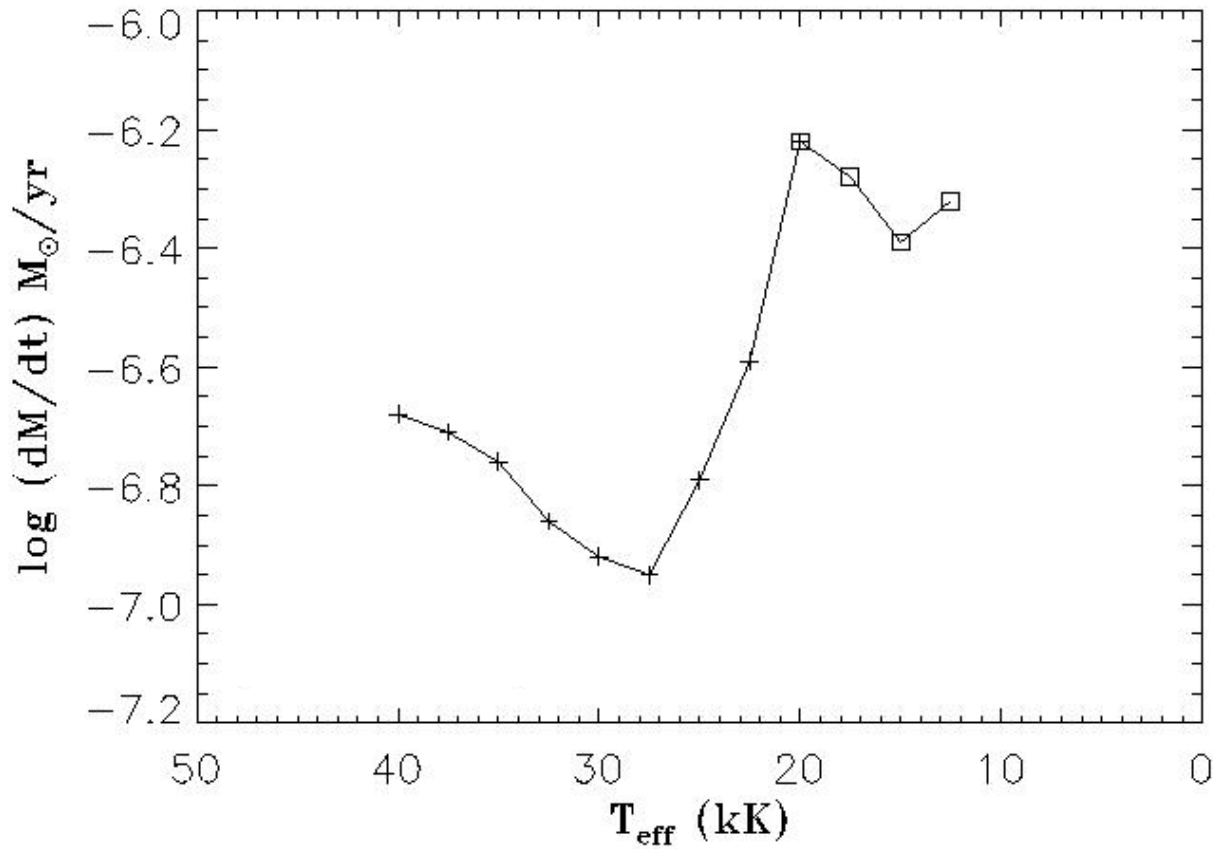


Sander & Vink (2020)

Vink (2017)

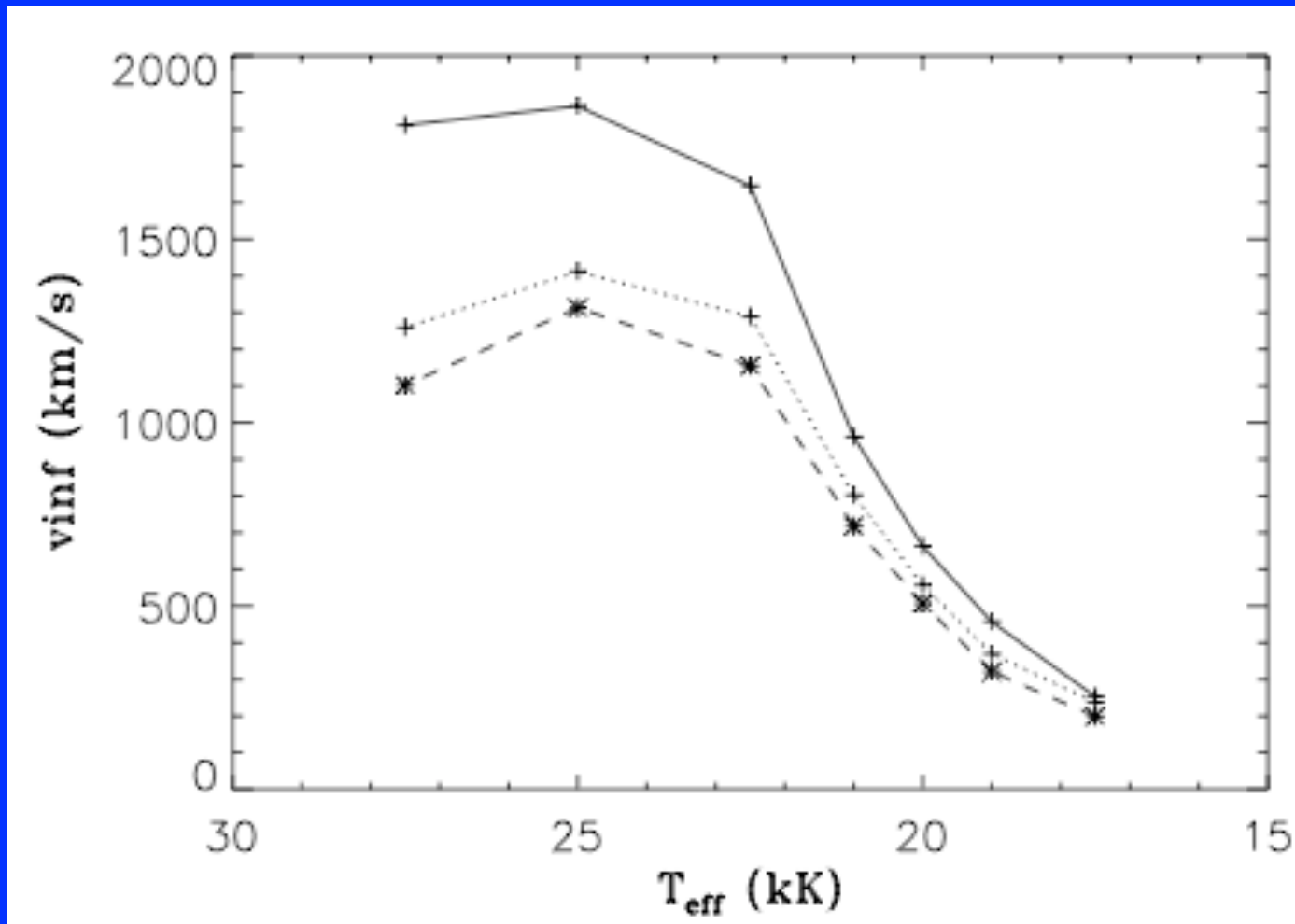
$$dM/dt = f(T_{\text{eff}})$$

Bi-stability Jump



(Vink et al. 1999
Pauldrach & Puls 1990)

Slow winds predicted



Bi-stability Jump

HOT = O stars

Fe IV

dM/dt

fast wind

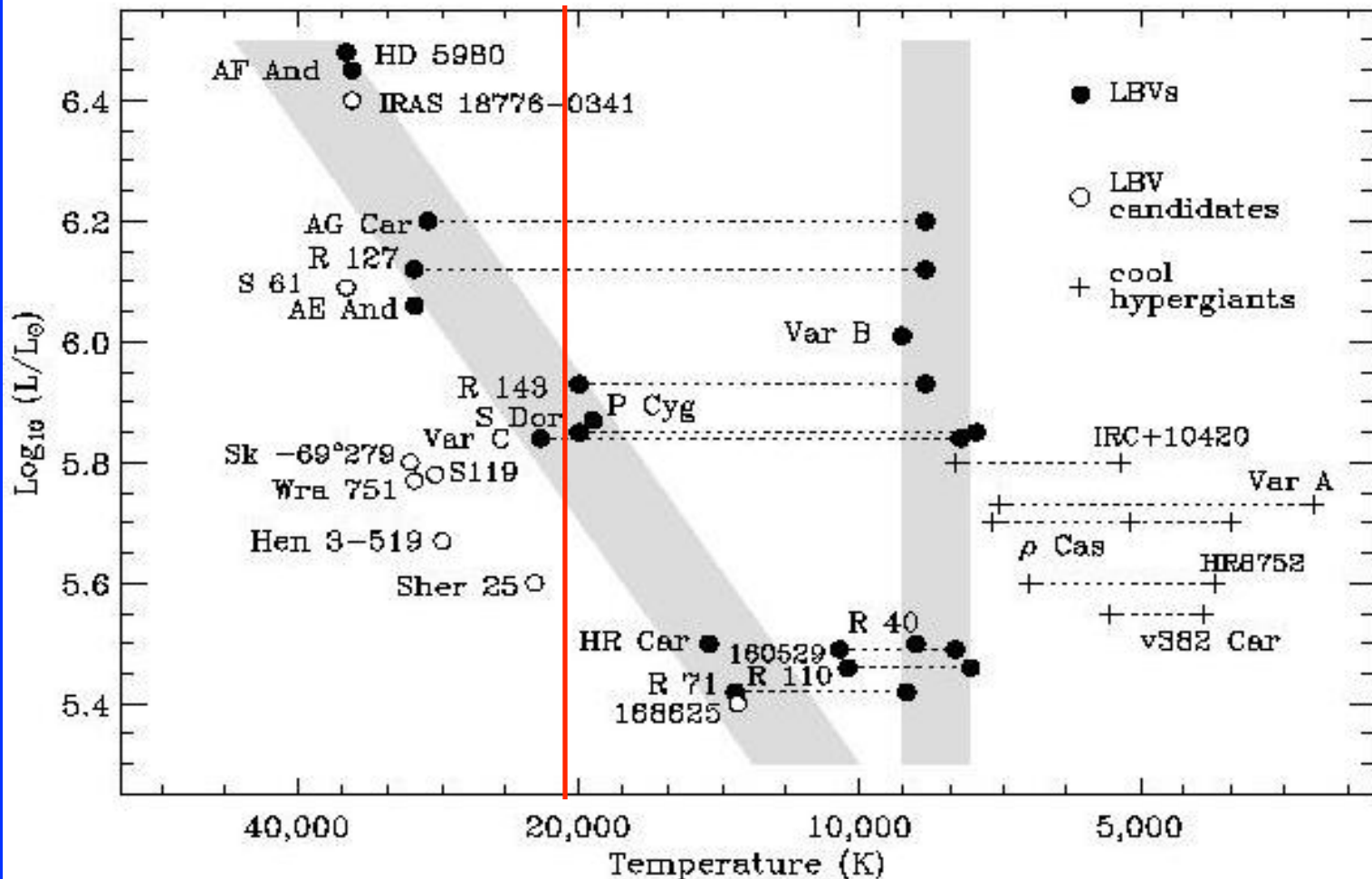
COOL = B supergiants

Fe III

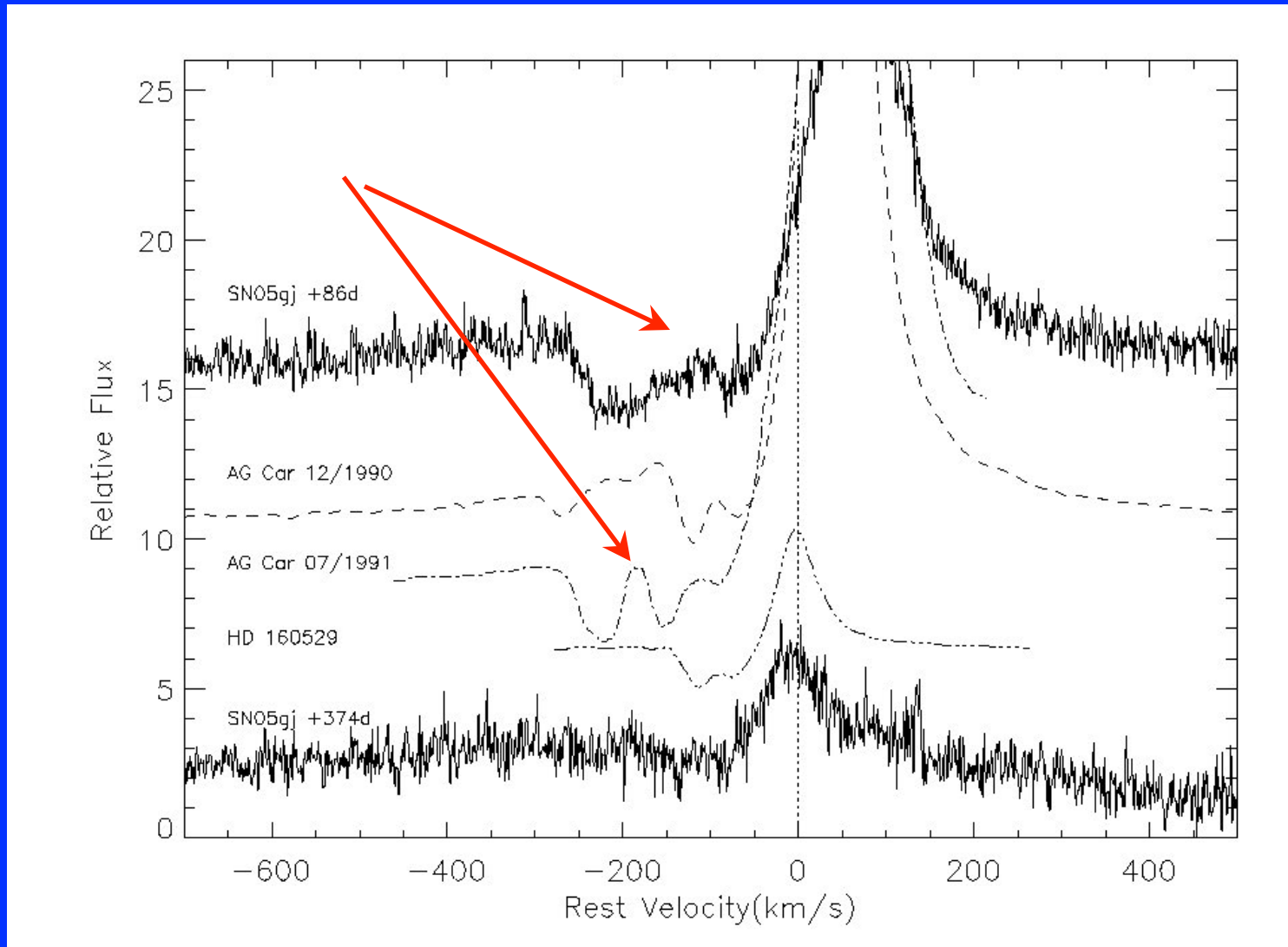
large dM/dt

slow wind

LBVs in the HRD

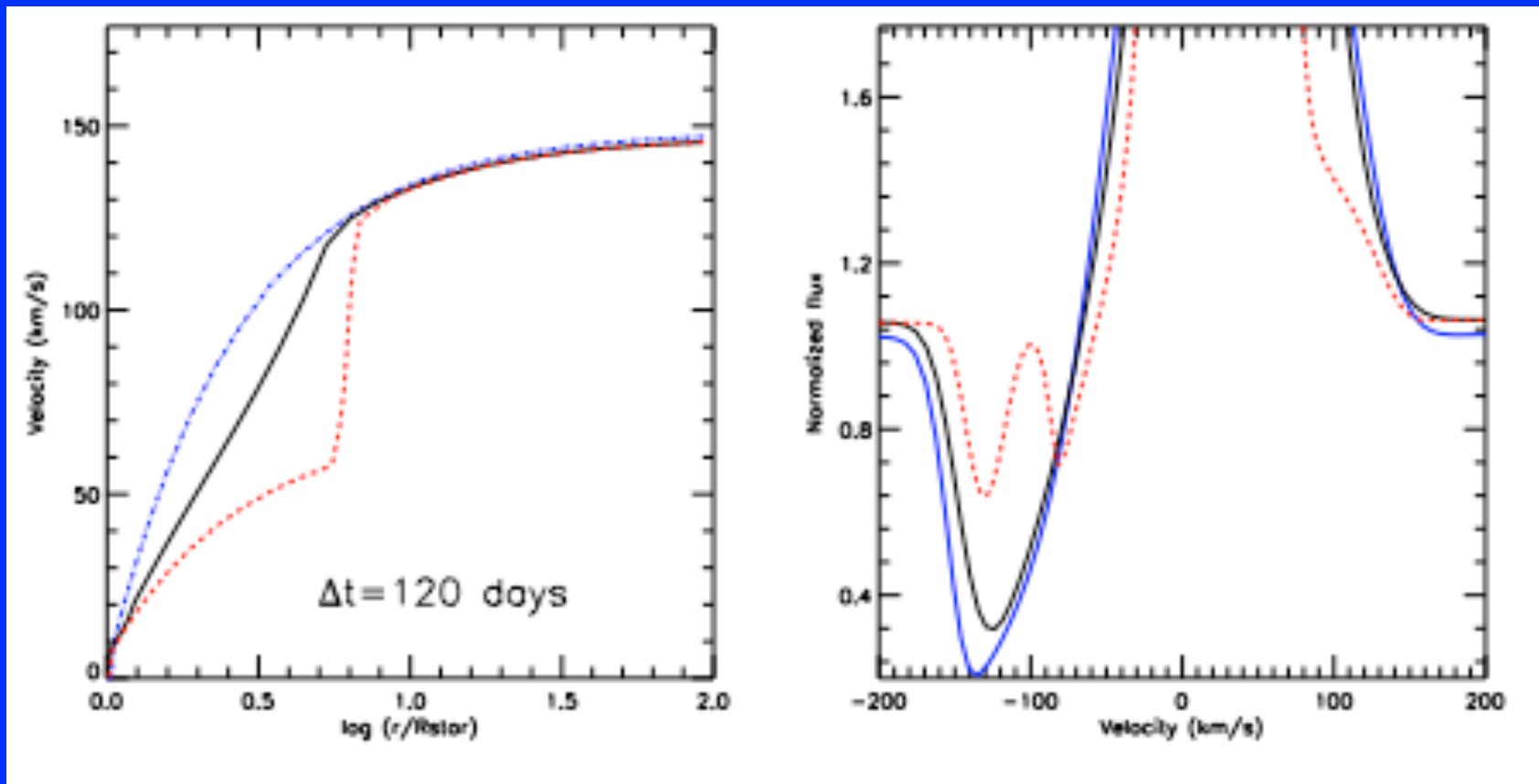


Do LBVs make Supernovae?



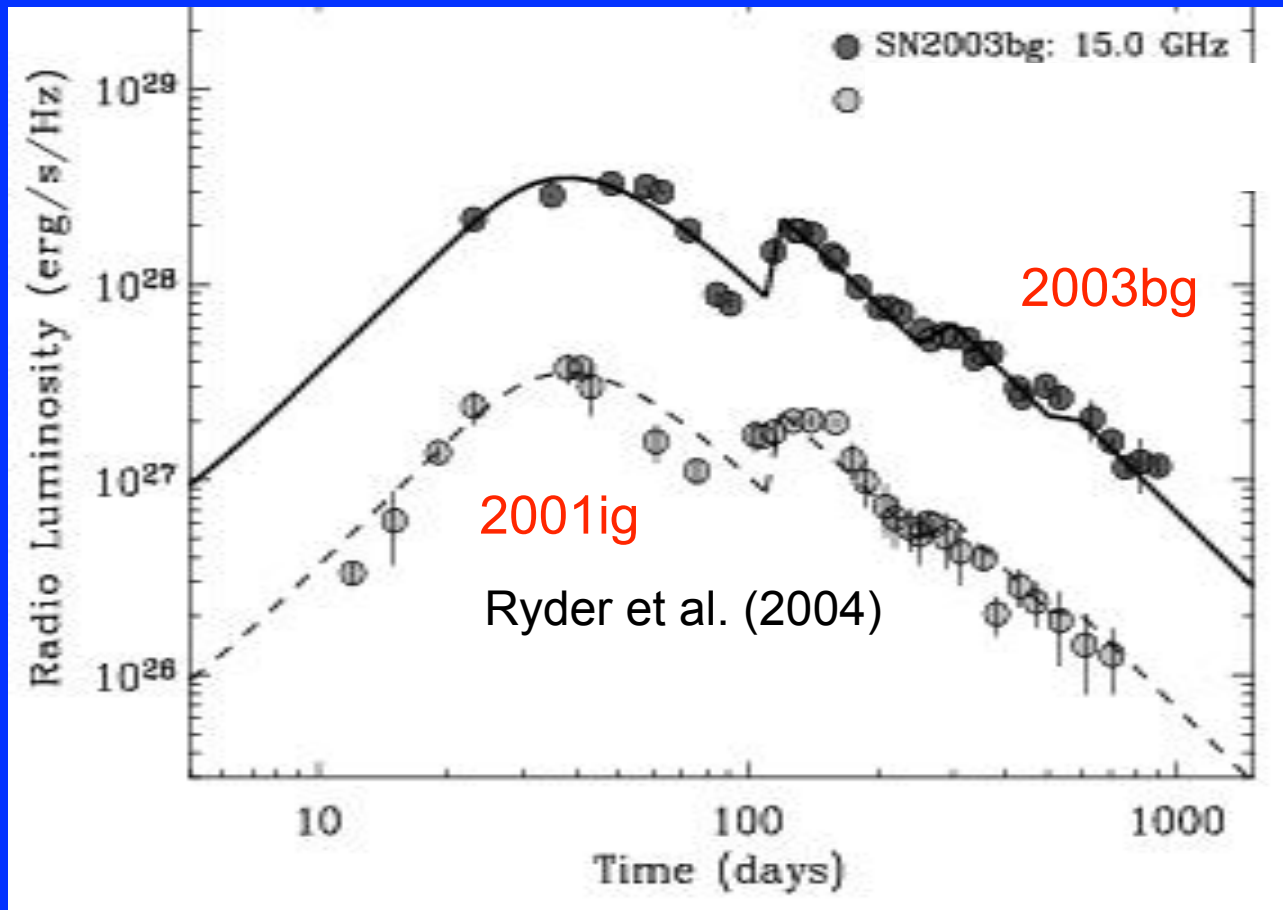
Trundle et al. (2008)

Changing mass loss!



Groh & Vink (2011)

Radio supernova lightcurves



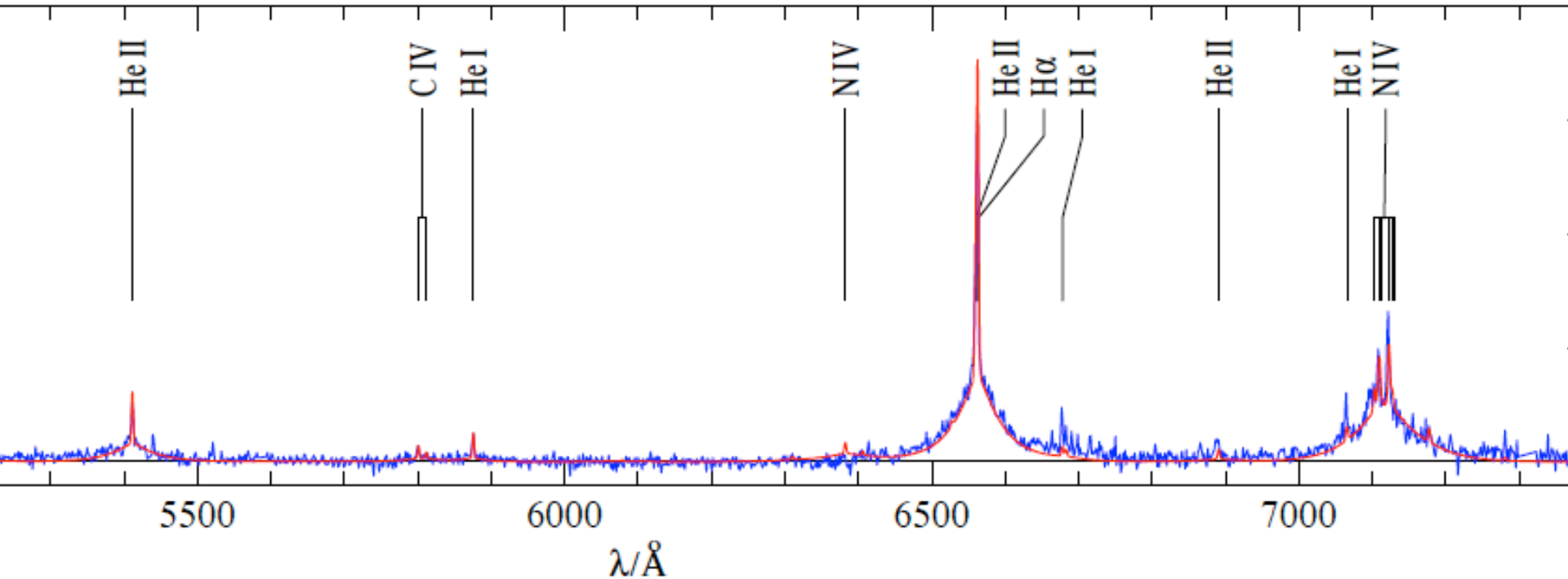
Soderberg
et al. (2006)
WR

Kotak &
Vink (2006)
LBV

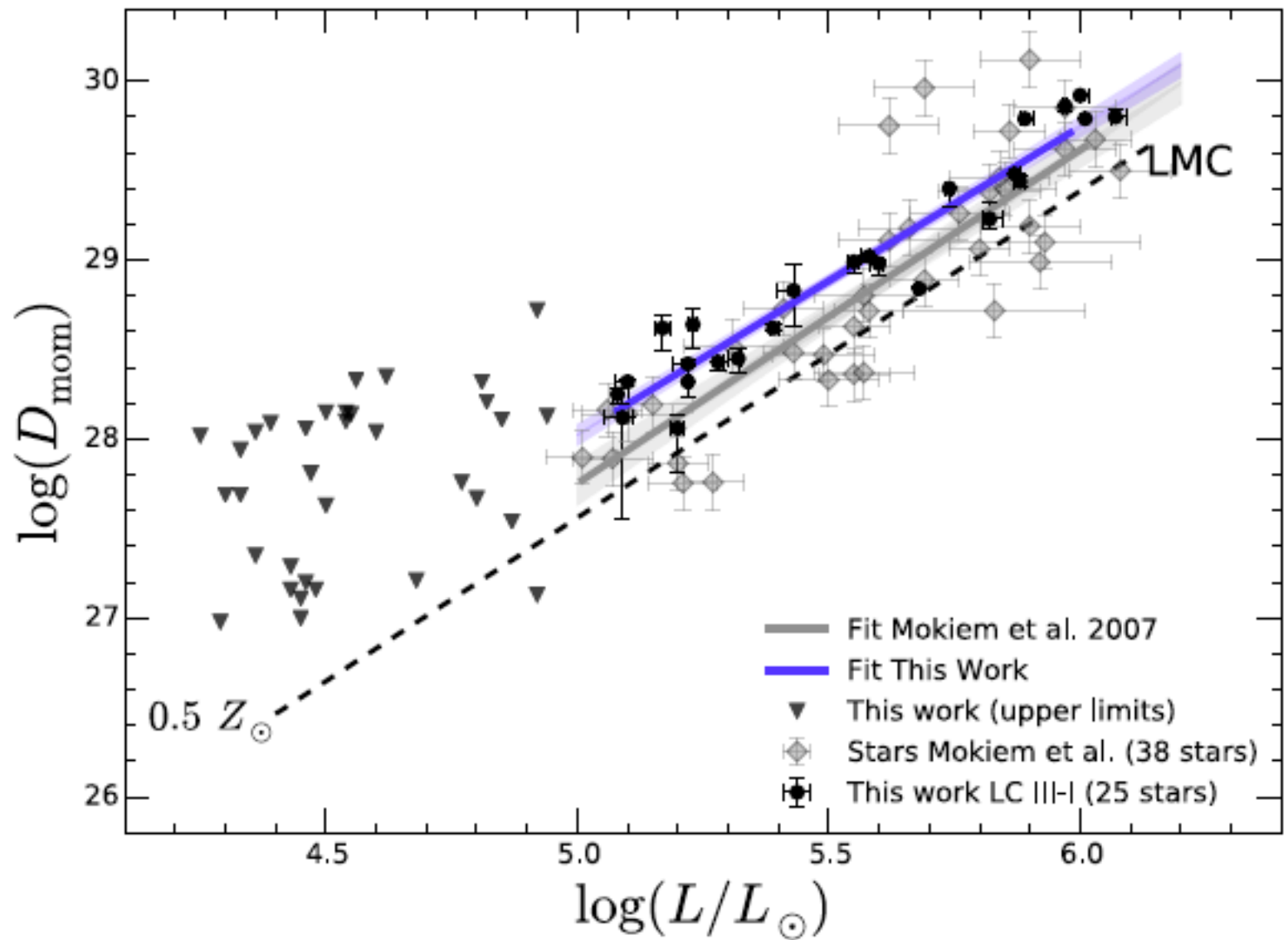
The IIb SN 2013cu

(Gal-Yam+14: wind

Groh+14: LBV/YHG)



Graefener & Vink (2016) Superwind!



(Ramirez+17 VFTS)

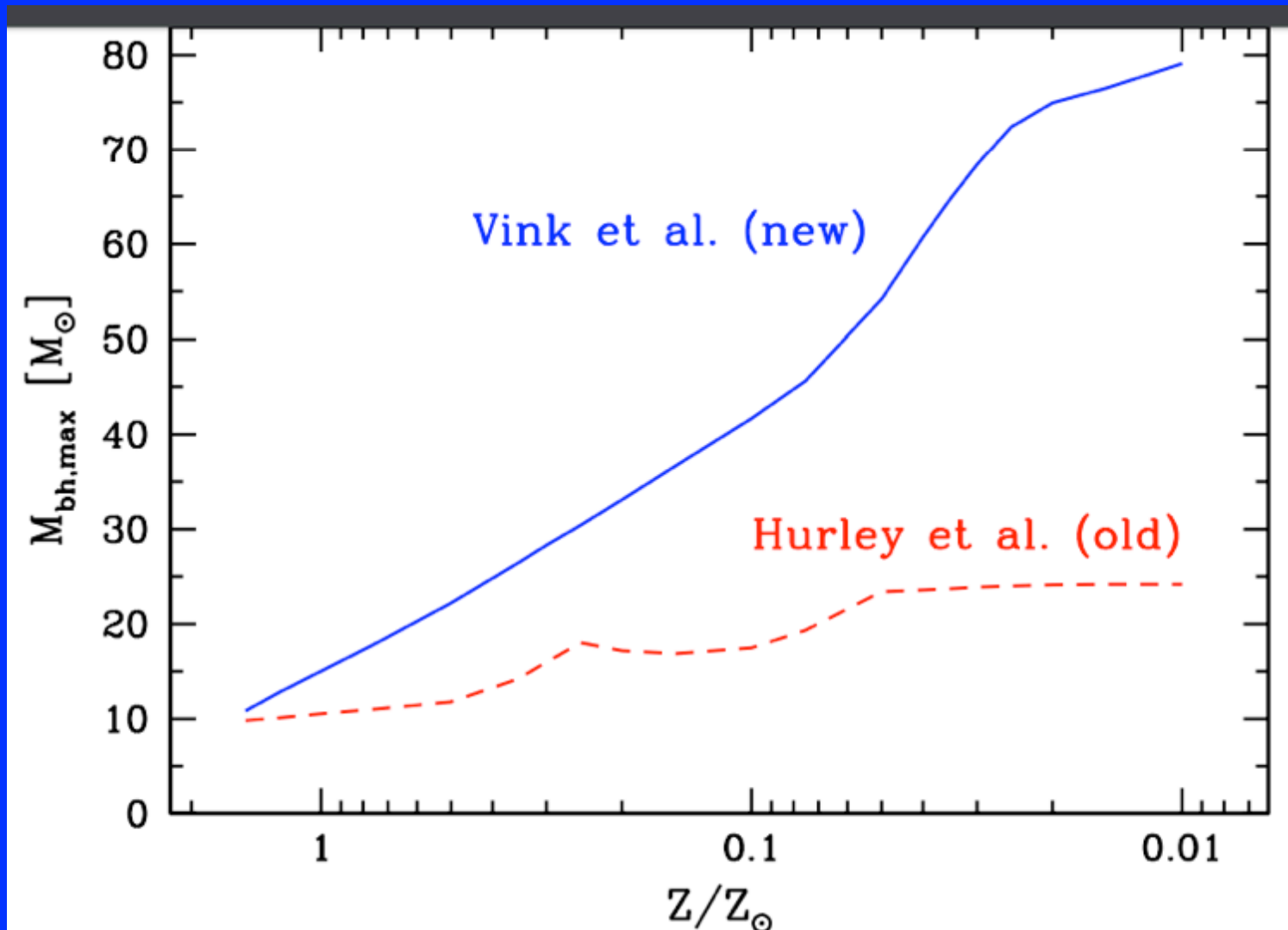
Empirical dM/dt down factor 2-3 (CI 6-8)

If theory OK

The reason for the *jump*

- Temperature drops
 - Fe recombines from Fe IV to Fe III
 - Line force increases
 - dM/dt up
 - density up
 - $V(\text{inf})$ drops
- “Runaway”

“Heavy” black holes: how?



Maximum Black Hole Mass

